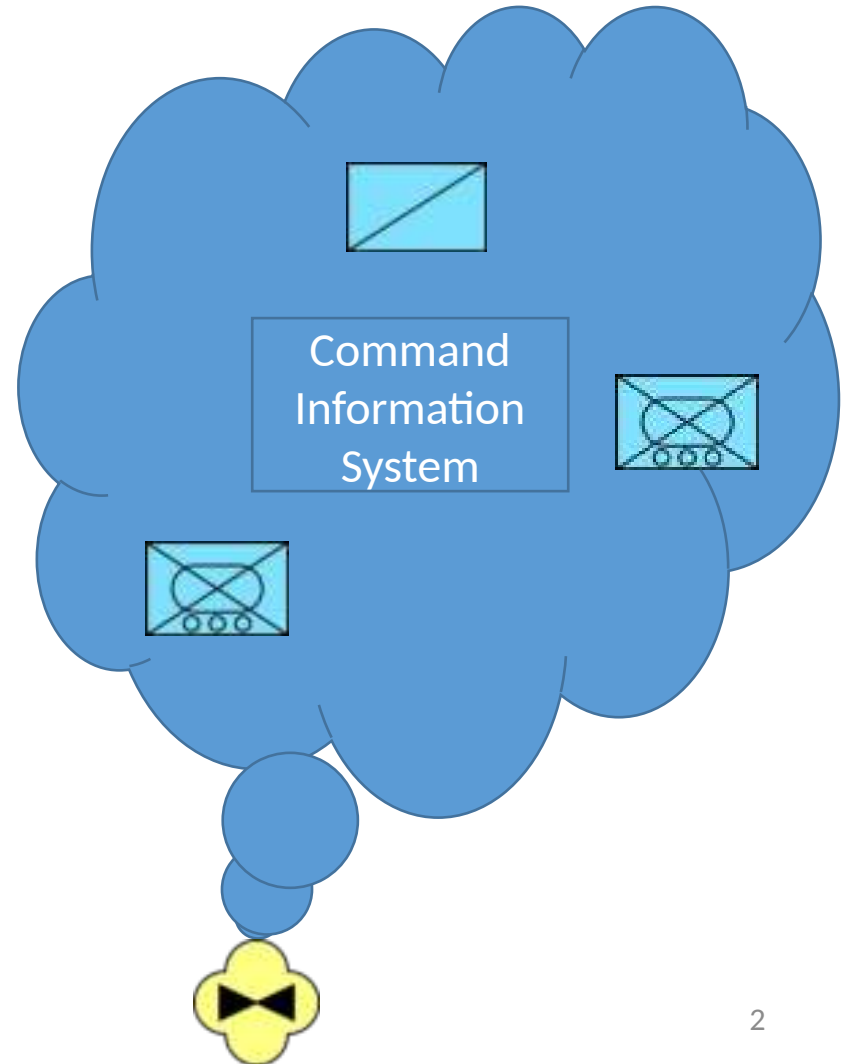


# Vers la sécurité dans un environnement opérationnel collaboratif dynamique

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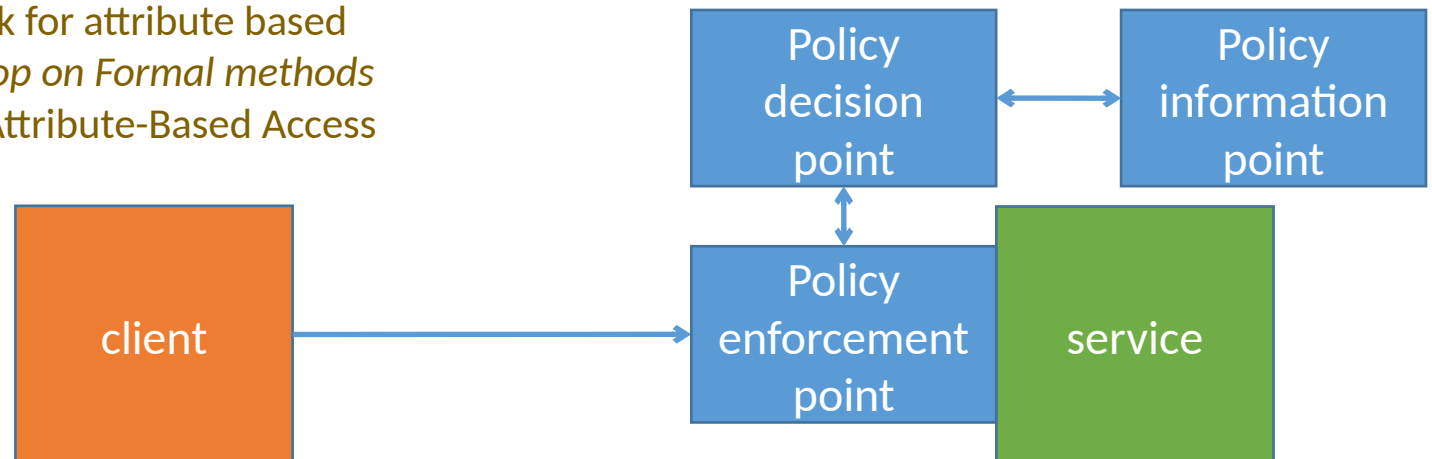
15 novembre 2022

- Field units collectively **fulfill a mission**
- From network-centric to collaborative
  - Telecommunications for **situation awareness**
  - Shared **tactical picture**
  - Distributed network of **sensors and effectors**
- **Opportunistic** collaboration



- Attributes characterize the subjects and his request's context beyond identity
- A policy computes whether access is granted
  - function of the attributes, evaluated by a policy decision point

Wang, Wijesekera, and Jajodia, "A logic-based framework for attribute based access control," in *Proceedings of the 2004 ACM workshop on Formal methods in security engineering*. Hu, Kuhn, Ferraiolo, and Voas, "Attribute-Based Access Control," *Computer*, vol. 48, no. 2, Feb. 2015



# Attribute-based encryption

- Asymmetric encryption
  - One public key used to encrypt
  - Several private keys
- Attributes characterizes the context, beyond identity
- A policy matches what subsets of attributes are allowed to decrypt
  - Immune to pooling several private keys
- May be used to control reading access, similarly to ABAC

# Attribute-based encryption

## Key Policy ABE

- **Attributes** are embedded in the ciphertext, encrypted using the public key
- Private keys embed the **policy**
  - Only private keys whose policy accepts the set of attributes embedded in the ciphertext can decrypt
- A key issuer holds a secret master key, used to derive the public key and private keys
  - Enforces the decryption policies

Goyal, Pandey, Sahai, and Waters, "Attribute-based encryption for fine-grained access control of encrypted data," in *13th ACM conference on Computer and communications security*.

## Ciphertext Policy ABE

- The **policy** is embedded in the ciphertext, encrypted using the public key
- Private keys encode sets of **attributes**
  - Only private keys whose set matches the policy embedded in the ciphertext can decrypt
- A key issuer holds a secret master key, used to derive the public key and private keys
  - Certifies the possession of attributes

Bethencourt, Sahai, and Waters, "Ciphertext-Policy Attribute-Based Encryption," in *2007 IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy (SP '07)*.

# Additional features with (CP) ABE

- Proxy re-encryption
  - ✉ Revocation

Yu, Wang, Ren, and Lou, “Attribute based data sharing with attribute revocation,” in 5th ACM Symposium on Information, Computer and Communications Security.

- Valued attributes

Li, Yu, Liu, Feng, Qin, and Srivastava, “An Efficient Ciphertext-Policy Weighted Attribute-Based Encryption for the Internet of Health Things,” IEEE Journal of Biomedical and Health Informatics, 2021.

- And other features

- Large attribute universe, traceability, policy update, multi-authority, etc.

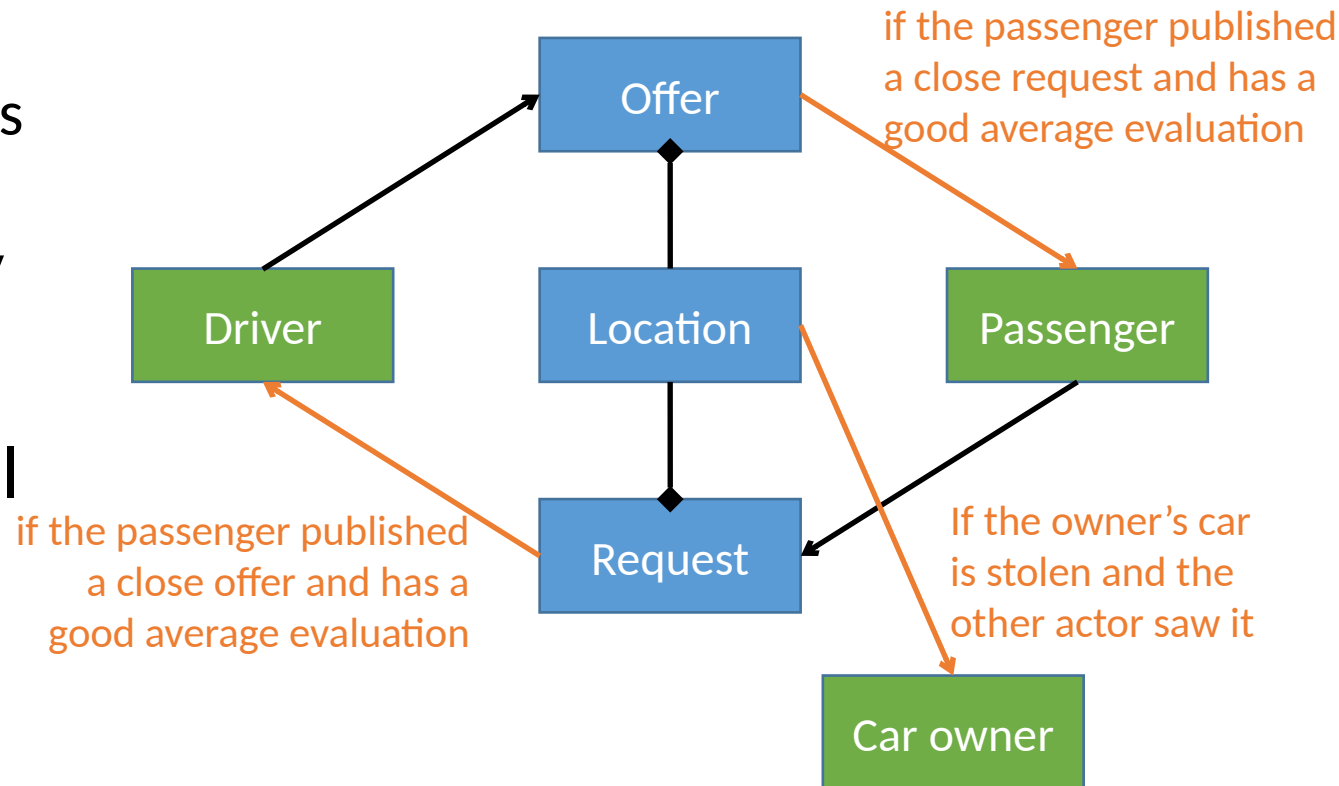
Zhang, Deng, Xu, Sun, Li, and Zheng, “Attribute-based Encryption for Cloud Computing Access Control: A Survey,” ACM Computing Survey, vol. 53, no. 4.

# Forthcoming research questions

- Is it feasible to use ABE in order to operationally secure collaborative combat?
- How do we model a system architecture secured thanks to ABE?
- How can ABE support dynamic, decentralized, opportunistic collaborations?

- Data centric architecture
  - Focus on data artifacts
  - Express relations between systems and artifacts
  - Express the attribute-based policy
- Attributes model the operational context

- Urban carpooling system





- Foundations of the AMSCC-Thales Chair of Cyberdefense's scientific program
  - **Security and data access in collaborative combat**
    - Using of appropriate **cryptographic algorithms** (stating 2023)
    - Defining **security architectures** aimed at integrating behavioral aspects into the management of access rights (stating 2024)
  - **Dynamic** consideration of **unplanned entities** in the action
- Formal launch of the AMSCC-Thales Chair of Cyberdefense
  - **Tomorrow, Wednesday 16 at 3pm, AMSCC booth**